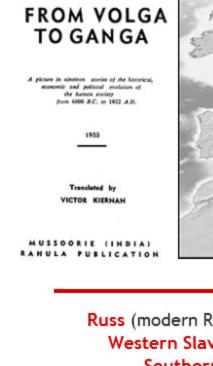
Common roots in Old Russian & Sanskrit

Vitaly Melnikov - R1a-Z280 (https://www.facebook.com/vvmelnikoff) version 1.3 from 01 March 2019

In 1943 Indian writer Rahul Sankrityayan writed book - "A journey from the Volga to the Ganga" in which he described the migration of Indo-Europeans since 8000 years ago, not even knowing then about the results of modern genetic studies on the migration of haplogroup R1a, he was able to establish common links in languages, geographical names, rituals, etc.of the modern peoples of Russia and India



RAHULA SANKRITYAYANA



Northern States of India among brahmanas to 70% - R1a-Z93/94, among Kshatriyas 30-40% - R1a-Z93/94 Pakistanis & Nuristanis R1a-Z93/94 from 40% to 60%

Z282

M458

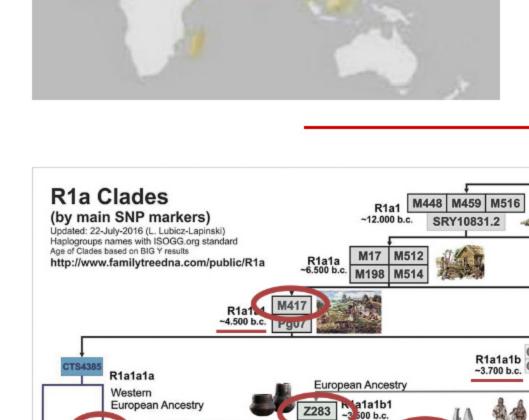
PF6 55

Northern Europe Y2395

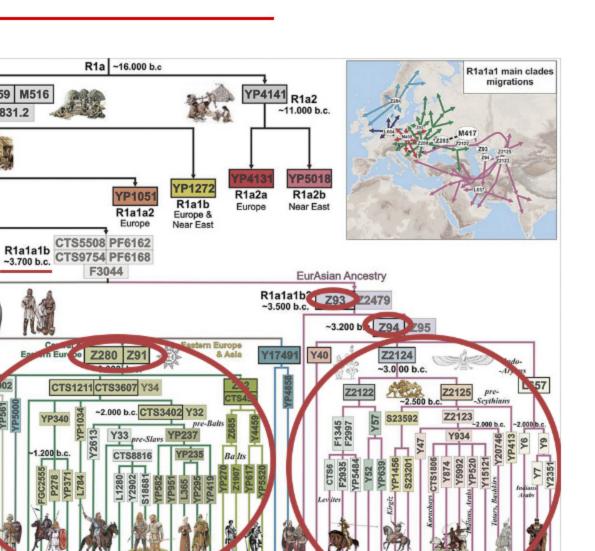
Z284

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Iranian

Tocharian

Meaning and comments

The Vedas, knowledge, gnosis, to know

came from the word - "Vedati" - means knowledgeable person, mage, sorceress

knowledge, gnosis, knowledgeable person

message, news

spell, charm, wizard (who makes the spell)

God

Mother of God

Meaning and comments

1 (one), first, beginning

2 (two)

couple

both

3 (three)

third

4 (four)

father in law, the bride took the groom's father as her father by blood

mother in law, the bride took the groom's mother as her mother by blood

wife

husband's brother

widow

grand-father

friend

nanny, babysitter

child

Meaning and comments

life

death, epidemy

brain, bone marrow

Meaning and comments

sun

earth

moon

light, lightness

darkness

day

night

sky, heaven

fog, mist, cloudiness

cloud

smoke

wind, breeze

Sanskrit

Prakrit

Celtic Celtic

For example, the third letter B

The word - Vedi means "to know, to experience"

Sanskrit

Veda, Vedic, Vedana

Vedin / Vidátham , Vídyā - ?

Jñāna, Jānaka

Vetti, Navatva

Kara

Bhaga

Bhagamätri

Sanskrit

Adi & Purvas

Dva

Dvika

Ubha, Ubhe

Tri

Tritiya

Catura

Cvacura

Jani

Devara

Vidhava

Dada (Hindi)

Priya

Nana

Arbhaka

Sanskrit

Jivana

Mara

Majján, Majjā

Sanskrit

Surja

Jma, Ila

Mäsa

Svita

Tamas

Dina

Nakta, Nisä

Nabhas

Megha, Mih

Abhra

Dhüma

Väta, Vätaka

Sound - V

Number 2

Old & New Russian

Vedi, Vedati, Vedeniye

Vedun, Ved'ma, Ved'mak

Znanie, Znatok

Vest', Novost' (news from

Novaya + Vest' = new message)

Cara, Chary, Charodey

(Chary + Delati = to do spell)

Bog

Bogomater'

Old & New Russian

Odin & Pervy

Dvoika

Oba, Obe

Tri

Trety

Chetyrye

'svoya' & 'krov'" means - "my blood"

Svekrov' comes from the words:

'svoya' & 'krov'" means - "my blood"

Zhena

Dever

Vdova

Ded

Priyatel'

N'anya

Rebyonok

Old & New Russian

Zhizn'

Mor

Mozg

Old & New Russian

Solntse

Zemlya

Mesyatc

Svet

T'ma

Den'

Noch

Nebo, Nebesa

Mgla

Oblako

Dym

Veter, Veterok

Italic Albanian

Cremation ceremony in pre-Christian Russia and India

According to linguistics, we know that the Baltic-Slavic and Indo-Iranian languages are the Satem macrobranch of the proto-Indo-European language. Unfortunately, at the moment there are no written sources of the Baltic-Slavic language, or even the common Slavic language after their separation from the Baltic languages 3 500 years ago, so here I will give examples of matching main roots of words (numerals, religion, relatives, pronouns, anatomy, animals, verbs and etc) between the Sanskrit Panini and more modern Old Russian language (1300-300 years ago).

Russian traditional women headdress and crown Bhishma from Mahabharata series

tndo-Aryan Haplogroup R1b Haplogroup R1a-Z280 & R1a-M458 Haplogroup R1a-Z93/Z94 Old Persian Avestian Median Baltic Slavic Bactrian Balto-Slavic Proto Iranian Proto Indian or Vedic Sanskrit Romanian, Celtic, Germanic & other Proto Balto-Slavic Andronovo Arian or Proto Indo-Iranian Satem Indo European Centum Indo European Proto Indo European

In the old Russian alphabet (before the reform of Peter I) there were 41 letters,

each of which had a certain value word and each of which was assigned a certain number.

Religion

Numerals

Greek Galatian Armenian Anatolian



Chetvyorty	Caturtha	fourth
Pyat'	Panca	5 (five)
Pyaty	Pancama	fifth
Shest'	Shash	6 (six)
Shestoy	Shashtha	sixth
Sem'	Sapta	7 (seven)
Osem	Asta	8 (eight)
Desyat'	Dasa	10 (ten)
Dvenadcat'	Dvädasa	12 (twelve)
Trinadsat'	Trayodasa	13 (thirteen)
Chetyrnadsat'	Caturdasa	14 (fourteen)
Pyatnadsat'	Poncadaia	15 (fifteen)
Tridsat'	Trinsat	30 (thirty)
Sto	Satam	100 (hundred)
Dvesti	Dvisatam	200 (two hundred)
Trista	Trisatam	300 (three hundred)
Chetyryesta	Catursatam	400 (four hundred)
Pyatsot	Pancasatam	500 (five hundred)
Shestsot	Shatsatam	600 (six hundred)
		Relatives
Old & New Russian	Sanskrit	Meaning and comments
Mati, Mater'	Mätri. Mätrikä	mother
Bat'a, Batya & Otec	Pati, Pitar	father
Brat	Bhrātaŗ	brother
Sestra	Svasri	sister
Syn (Sunus - Lithuanian)	Sūnus	son
Doch'	Duhitri	dauhter
Zyat'	Jamatri	son in law
Snokha	Snusha	dauhter in law
Svyokor comes from the words:	Cvacru	father in law, the bride took the groom's father as her father by blood

MOZS	majjan, majja	brain, bone marrow			
Cherep	Karpara	scull			
Krov'	Kravya	blood			
Oko, Ochi	Akshi	eye, eyes			
Nos, Nosik	Nasa, Näsika	nose			
Brov'	Bhrü	brow			
Gorlo, Glotka	Gala	throat			
Usta	Oshtha	lips			
Zub	Jambha	tooth			
Griva	Griva	neck			
Nogot'	Nakha	nail			
Myaso	Mas, Mänsa	flesh, meat			
Khromoi, Khromota	Sräma, Srämya	lame, lameness			
Nagoi	Nagna	naked			
Zhivoi	Jiva	alive			
Myortvyi	Mrita	dead			
		Housing			
Old & New Russian	Sanskrit	Meaning and comments			
Stan, Stoyanka	Sthana, Sthānam	camp, military camp, temporary dwelling, division of the county			
Ves', Vesi	Viś	village, villages, township			
Dom	Dhama	house			
Dver'	Dvāras	door			
Dvornik	Dvärika	doorkeeper			
Zal	Sala	hall			
		Pronouns			
Old & New Russian	Sanskrit	Meaning and comments			
Etot	Etad	this			
Tot, Tot samiy	Tat, Tatsama	that			
Tomu	Tasmai	to that			
Tem	Tena	by that			
Kto (Kas - Lithuanian)	Kas	who			
Komu	Kasmai	to whom			
Kem	Kena	by whom			
Kotory (Kataras - Lithuanian)	Kataras	which			
lnoi	Anya	another			
Tvoy, Vas	Tvah, Vas	your, yours			
On, Ona, Ono	Ana	he / she / it			
		W S			
Nature					
Old & New Pussian	Canalysis	Massing and comments			

Anatomy

veter, veterok	Vata, Vataka	wind, breeze
Gora	Giri	mountain
Voda	Uda	water
Vodapad (voda + padati = water + to fall)	Udapäta	waterfall
Rosa	Rasā	dew
Pesok	Pänsu	sand
Pena	Phena	foam
Sneg	Sníhyati (gets wet, becomes sticky)	snow
Zima	Hima (cold, winter), Himālaya	winter
Vesna, Vesennyi	Väsanta, Vasantika	spring, springtime
Derevo	Daru	tree
Adrash (Carantanian - Old Slovenian)	Adri (tree)	oak
Bereza	Bhurja	birch
Sosna	Caca	pine
Trava, Trin-Trava (mythological grass gave people and animals unseen secret talents or abilities)	Trin	grass, herb
		Animals
Old & New Russian	Sanskrit	Meaning and comments
Zhivotnoe	Jlvatnu	animal
Govyado (bull, cattle) Govyadina (cow meat), Govet' (to fast - don't eat meat) Govno (cow shit)	Go, Govinda (cowboy)	cow
Volk	Vrila	wolf
Rys'(lynx), Byrs'(hyena), Bars (leopard), Brys' (shoo! - to rid pet cat)	Bhari (lion)	feliformia animals
Bobr, Bobyor	Babhru	beaver
Medved' (myod + vedati = honey + know)	Madhvad	the sacred name of the bear, literally - "who knows honey"
Mysh, Myshka	Mush, Mushka	mouse
Moshka, Moshkara	Macaka, Maksha (fly)	small flying insect, mosquito, fly
Ovtsa, Ovechka	Avi, Avika	sheep
Olen'	Harina	deer
Sobaka	-1 - "	
SODAKA	Svka, Sväna	dog

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Olen'	Harina	deer
Sobaka	Svka, Sväna	dog
Sokol	Sakuna	falcon
Rog, Roga	Sringa	horn, horns
Nosorog (Nos + Rog)	Näsäsringa	Rhinoceros
Okhota	Äkheta	hunting
Okhotnik	Akhetika	hunter
Old & New Russian	Sanskrit	Verbs Meaning and comments
Beg, Bezhati, Begun	Vega, Vejati, (Bhajati - ?)	run, to run, runner
Biti, Razbit'	Bhid	to break
Boltati, Baltun	Bollati, Bätüni (Hindi)	to speak, speaker
Brati	Bharati	to take
Brositi	Bhransyati	to throw
Byt', Byvat', Byvaet	Buti, Bhavati	to be, to happen, to occur
Balovati, Balovstvo	Bālāvastha	to indulge (whims), to naughty
Boyat'sya	Bhyasate	to fear
Blestet'	Bhlāśate	to shine
Buditi	Budhyati	to wake
Vedati	Vid, Vetti	to know
Vernuti	Vartayati	to return, give back
Vertet'	Vartayati	to rotate, twirl
		•••
		•••